## Integers on the Coordinate Plane

Parts of a coordinate plane:
x-axis: a horizontal number line $\boldsymbol{y}$-axis: a vertical number line
origin: the place where the two number lines meet quadrants: the four sections created by the two number lines

A point in a coordinate plane is represented by an ordered pair.
$(4,-3)$
$x$-coordinate $y$-coordinate
To locate point $(4,-3)$, start at the origin.
Move to 4 on the $x$-axis. Then move to -3 on the $y$-axis.


Quadrant IV

Graph and label these points on the coordinate plane.

1. $(4,1)$
2. $(-3,3)$
3. $(2,0)$
4. $(4,-2)$
5. $(-2,4)$
6. $(-3,-4)$

Write the ordered pair for each point.
7. $A$ $\qquad$ 8. $B$ $\qquad$
9. $D$ $\qquad$ 10. $E$ $\qquad$

11. Writing to Explain How would you plot the point $(-8,10)$ on the coordinate plane?
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12. Reasoning In what quadrant will a point with a negative $x$-coordinate and a positive $y$-coordinate (negative number, positive number) be located?

